# infoblox

Seeing Ahead:
Turning DNS Data into a Predictive Defense

**Brad Ford** 

infoblox.

Cybersecurity Sales Specialist



# TRADITIONAL CYBERSECURITY CONTROLS

# Cyber Kill Chain



# **Traditional Intel Sources**

Sandboxing, Honeypot, IR Forensics, OSINT, DRPS



Reactive Intel

Understand the last malicious payload



# THE NEED FOR PREDICTIVE ANALYSIS



### Malicious Al breaks controls

Al allows actors to intensify attacks and simplify evasion 88% of Al generated malware renders False Negatives (1)

"Anticipate and prevent attacks before they occur"



# Adversaries move to new targets

Threat actors look at any exposed asset to reach their goals 46% of stolen corporate logins are from non-managed devices



# Professional evasion and deception

Specialized ecosystems evade traditional controls.

82% of customers had DNS queries into malicious adtech (3)

<sup>(1)</sup> AI Could generate 10K malware variants, evading detection in 88%. The Hacker News, December 23, 2024.

<sup>(2)</sup> Verizon DBIR 2025

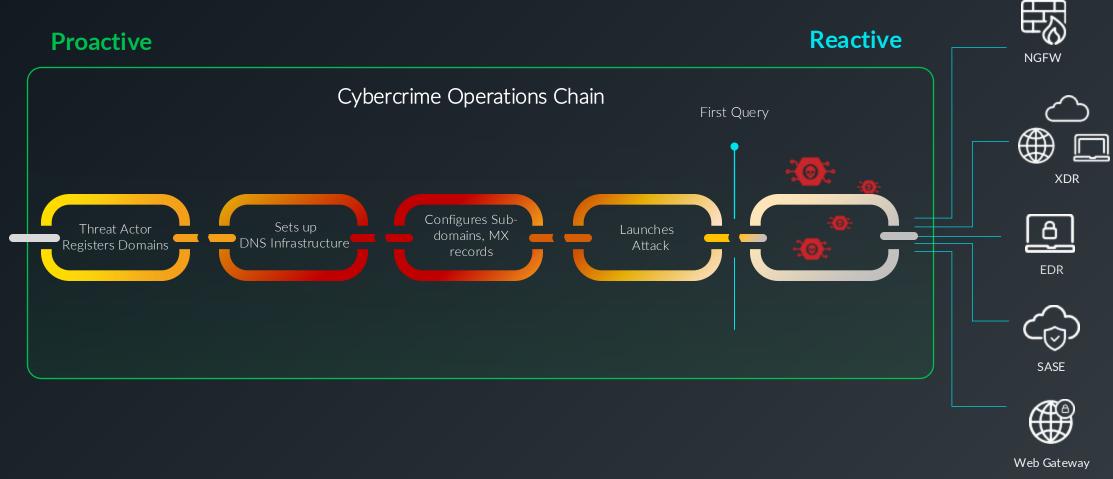
<sup>(3)</sup> Infoblox Threat Intel

infoblox

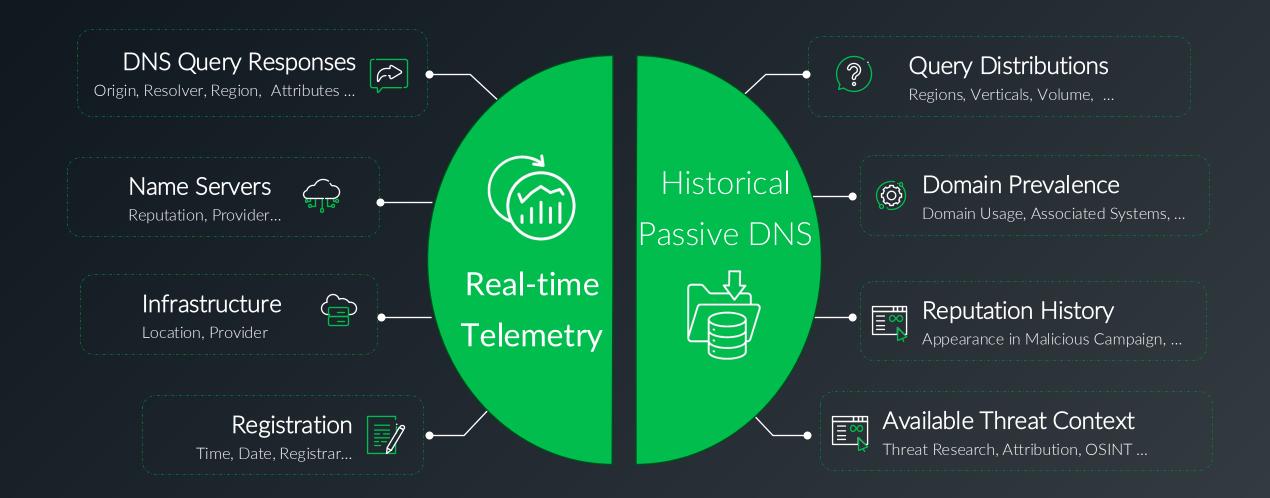
# WHY DNS BASED THREAT INTEL?

# DISRUPTING THREAT ACTORS WITH DNS

DNS GETS MULTIPLE INSIGHTS INTO A THREAT - AND CHANCES TO DISRUPT IT

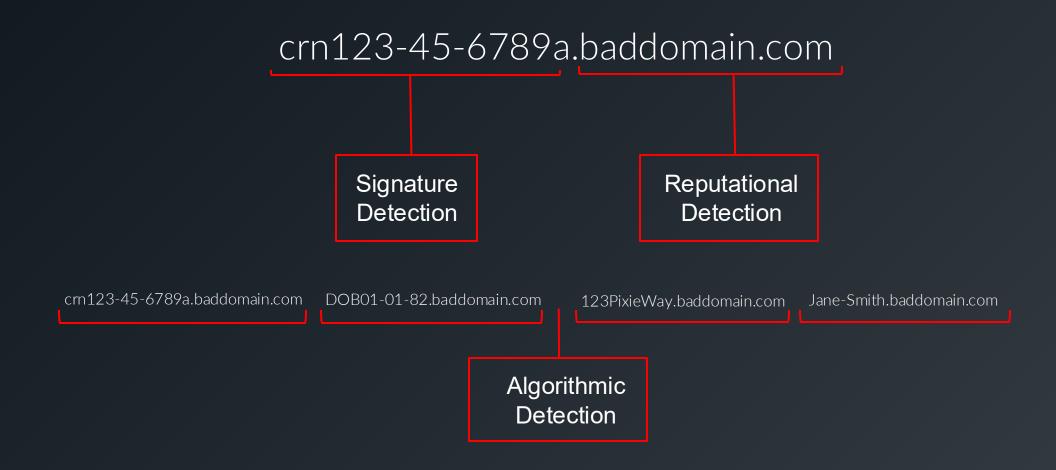


# WHAT INSIGHTS CAN WE GET FROM DNS?



# DETECTION BEYOND SIGNATURES AND REPUTATION

COUNTERMEASURES FOR SOPHISTICATED TECHNIQUES



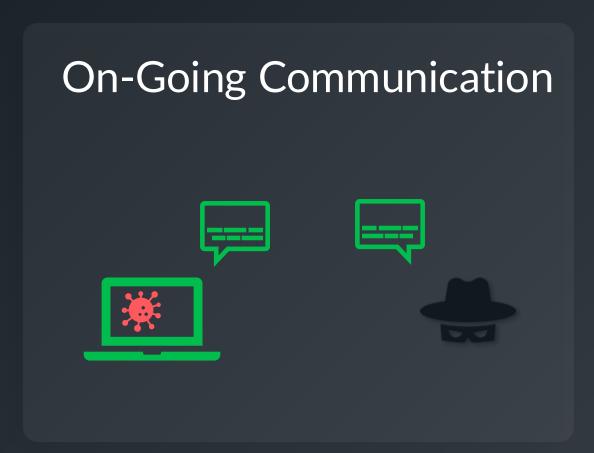
infoblox

# WHY DNS BASED SECURITY CONTROLS?

# Almost every internet connection starts with a DNS query

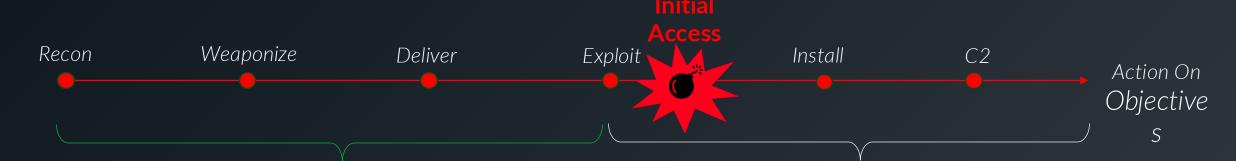
# WHAT CAN DNS DISRUPT?





# DISRUPT AND BLOCK EARLIER

# Cyber Kill Chain



# **Pre-Attack Telemetry**

Domain Registration, Service Activation, Infrastructure, Reputation and More



Uncover Actor Logistics

# Traditional Intel Sources

Sandboxing, Honeypot, IR Forensics, OSINT, DRPS



## Reactive Intel

Understand the last malicious payload



infoblox.

# HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED

# HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED

### MALWARE, C2, DGAs, DoH

SolarWinds SUNBURST Backdoor DGA And Infected Domain Analysis



Personal

**Business** 

**Enterprise** 

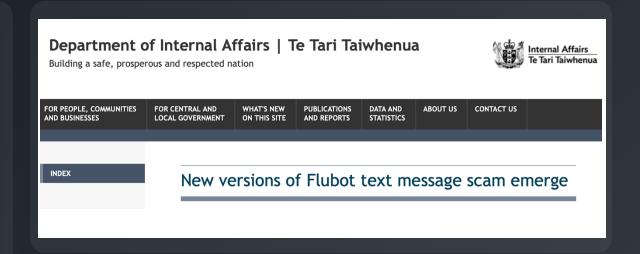
# Getting strange 'missed call' SMS messages? Here's how to avoid the Flubot

If you've been receiving some strange, garbled SMS messages mentioning a missed call or voicemail recently, you're not alone. The messages are generated by malware called Flubot, which spreads via SMS and can infect insecure Android phones.

# C2 OVER DNS OVER HTTPS (DOH)

### **FLUBOT**

- Android banking trojan Dec 2020
- Masquerading as a courier delivery service app or a voicemail app
- Domain Generation Algorithm (DGA) to resolve IP of C2 server
- Time-based DGA generates 5,000 domain names, all 15 characters long using ".ru", ".su" or ".cn" TLDs
- DNS over HTTPS (DoH) used to establish C2 communication

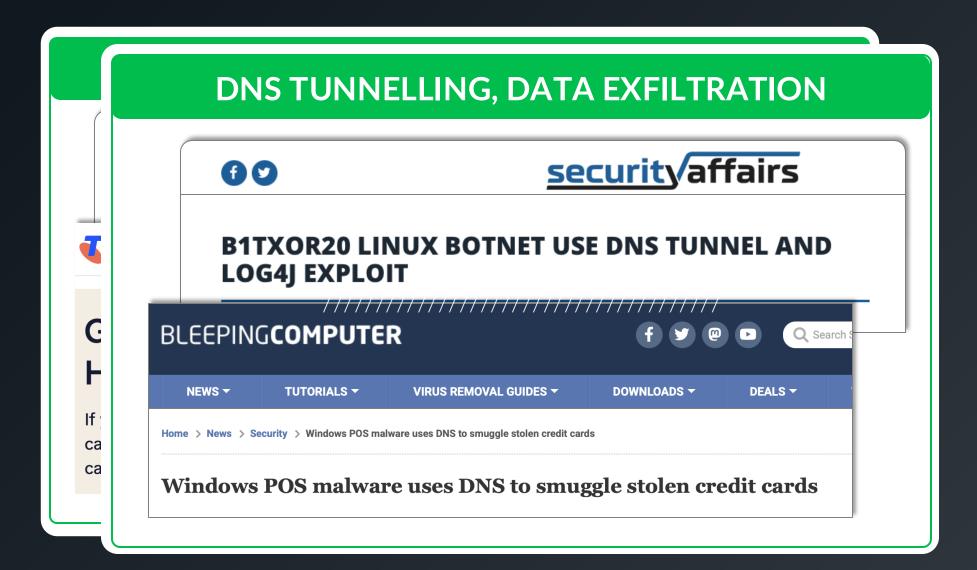


### What you see:

https://cloudflare-dns.com/dns-

query?name=798f300c.2.1.4NLIV5GLKFX6Z2JE6TPBEUMKPR KKSGHUEYFGIQNSS4HOR3GFQO6PGCMI5YJKBSB.IK5XFEVIV3EC 2C2MNEJKUPNWNU27SU3WACGD4YARQ.yacwryqiccwhlvm[.]ru &type=TXT

# HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED



# DATA EXFILTRATION OVER DNS

### ALINA POS

File Name	bcastdvs.exe / OneDriveUi.exe
Source	<u>Virus Total</u>
MD5	d000bd7c56811eec4067a4b7401bcb38
SHA1	f5e89c72f62ea9a51161b2e1407c719903308e41
SHA256	c55b2f3b67108a58c4cb81c3550115956cb07139e39a37ce9eb57ff4fb41d832
SSdeep	3072: VV3QHwn7YMzN5bkFxuy3U7qzxyeeiY5ddfkiuy41wROrHB1O5NVyT8: D7f3kFwzqz8e/YHPuLTzOfVyg000000000000000000000000000000000000
Note	Alina POS Malware (DNS Variant)
Sample	4
DNS	zuzn4v_EkO7l5OX86-SH-umQm5DjxNney8bG.analytics-akadns[.]com
Request(s)	yczA8vzDkO7l5OX86-SH-umQm5D53svY3g.analytics-akadns[.]com
	yczA8vzDkO7l5OX86-SH-umQm5D6w8TN.analytics-akadns[.]com
	yczA8vzDkO7l5OX86-SH-
	$umQm5CQ2sXZhM\_Sz5CQmZycmZ2dkpmTkpOemJ2cl5.iYm5uYmpuampqampqbk5rdesignation and the state of th$
	mpqampKdnZqamg.analytics-akadns[.]com

Visa Public Visa Payment Fraud Disruption



Visa Security Alert

#### ALINA POINT-OF-SALE MALWARE CLASSIFICATIONS

Distribution: Visa Issuers. Processors and Acquirers

In June 2019, Visa's Payment Fraud Disruption (PFD) analyzed a malware sample from the recent compromise of a North American hospitality merchant and identified the malware as a variant of the Alina Point-of-Sale (POS) malware family. Alina dates back to at least 2013, and is one of many malware strains that possesses a Random Access Memory (RAM) scraper, which is specifically designed to steal payment account information from the memory, or RAM, of the targeted system.

Analysis on the malware sample from the aforementioned merchant breach led to the identification of additional malware samples recently uploaded to a popular open-source malware repository, which Visa assesses are all variants of the Alina POS malware family. The most recent uploads occurred in May 2019, however PFD identified numerous associated files that were uploaded throughout 2018. The variant observed in the recent merchant compromise is of the Domain Name Service (DNS) variant which uses DNS traffic for Command and Control (C2) operations, Given the upload and compile dates, and recently observed operations leveraging Alina, PFD assesses Alina POS is in active use and remains a popular malware variant for POS targeting.

Similarities between the identified malware samples (e.g. same signing certification, same imphash, similar themed C2 domains, etc.) led to the conclusion that the malware variants are all related and belong to the Alina POS family. Moreover, based on the C2 communication method utilized by the specific Alina POS malware samples, three distinct classifications of Alina were identified and dated based on their compile

- HTTPS/SSL Variant Used in 2017 and early 2018, these samples utilize Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS)/Secure Socket Layer (SSL) for secure C2 communication
- HTTPS/SSL & DNS Variant Used in April 2018, these samples utilize both HTTPS and DNS for C2 communication.
- . DNS Variant Used in late 2018 through 2019, these samples, which include the sample from the recent merchant breach, solely utilize DNS for C2 communication

#### Indicators of Compromise (IOC)

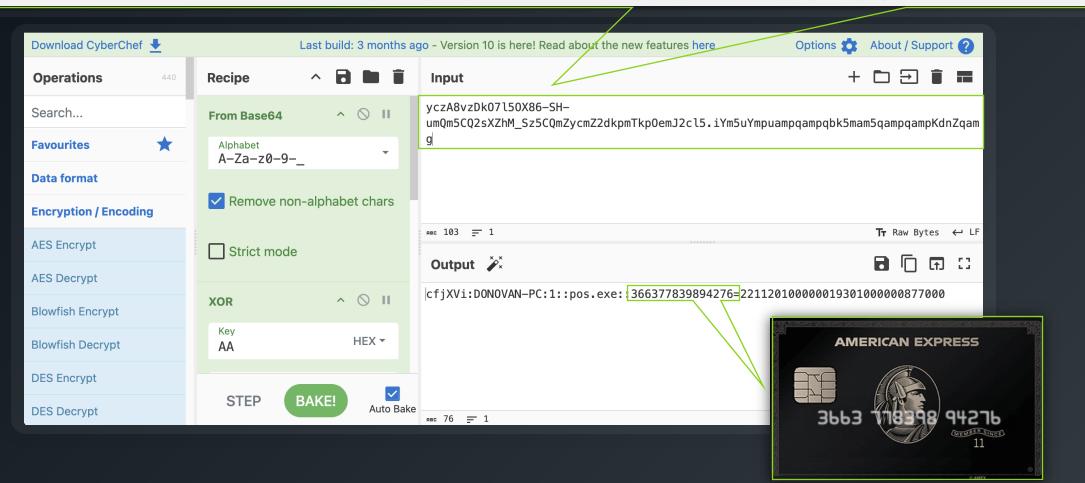
Related malware samples analyzed by PFD are detailed below and are broken into three different sections:

1. AlinaPOS - Section #1

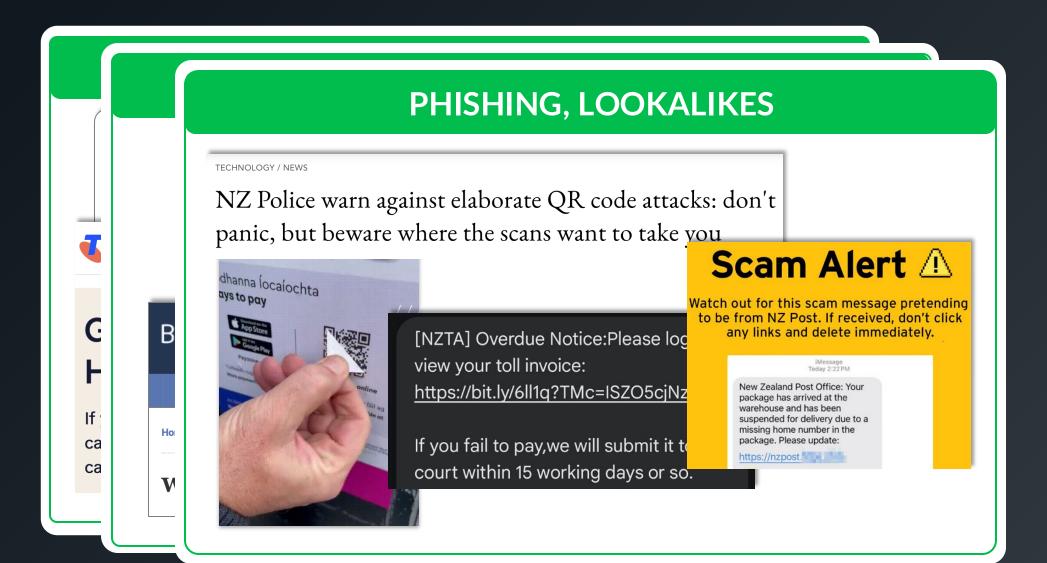
yczA8vzDkO7150X86-SH-umQm5CQ2sXZhM Sz5CQmZycmZ2dkpmTkpOemJ2cl5.iYm5uYmpuampqampqbk5mam5qampqampKdnZqamg.analytics-akadns[.]com

# DNS QUERIES BYPASSING PERIMETER CONTROLS

yczA8vzDkO7l5OX86-SH-umQm5CQ2sXZhM\_Sz5CQmZycmZ2dkpmTkpOemJ2cl5.iYm5uYmpuampqampqbk5mam5qampqampKdnZqamg.analytics-akadns[.]com



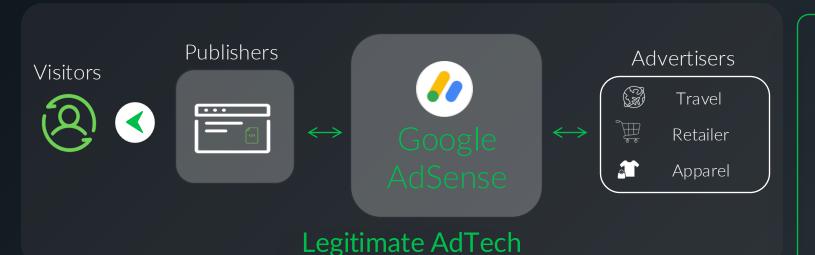
# HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED

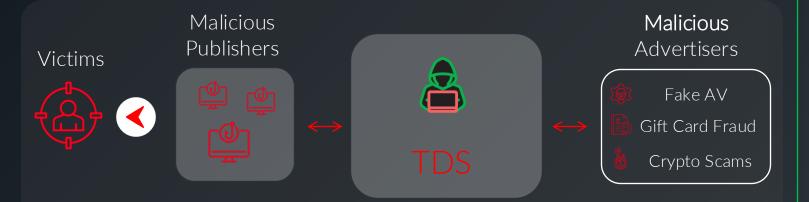


# HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED



# TRAFFIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (TDS)





Attackers can't use Google AdSense

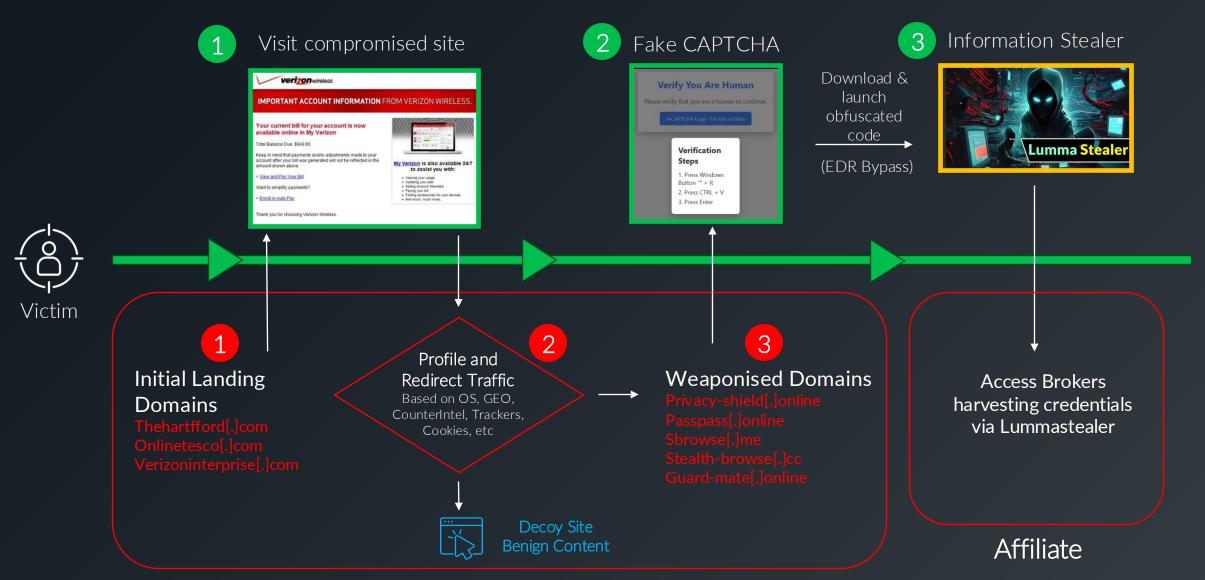
So they use a malicious TDS to deliver the right content to the right audience while remaining undetected

Operating since 2015, Vextrio Viper registered 80k+ unique domains, using Dictionary DGAs and rotates 100's of domains per day

Infoblox tracks ~100 malicious TDS clusters in near real time

Malicious AdTech / TDS

# USING TDS TO DELIVER INFOSTEALER MALWARE

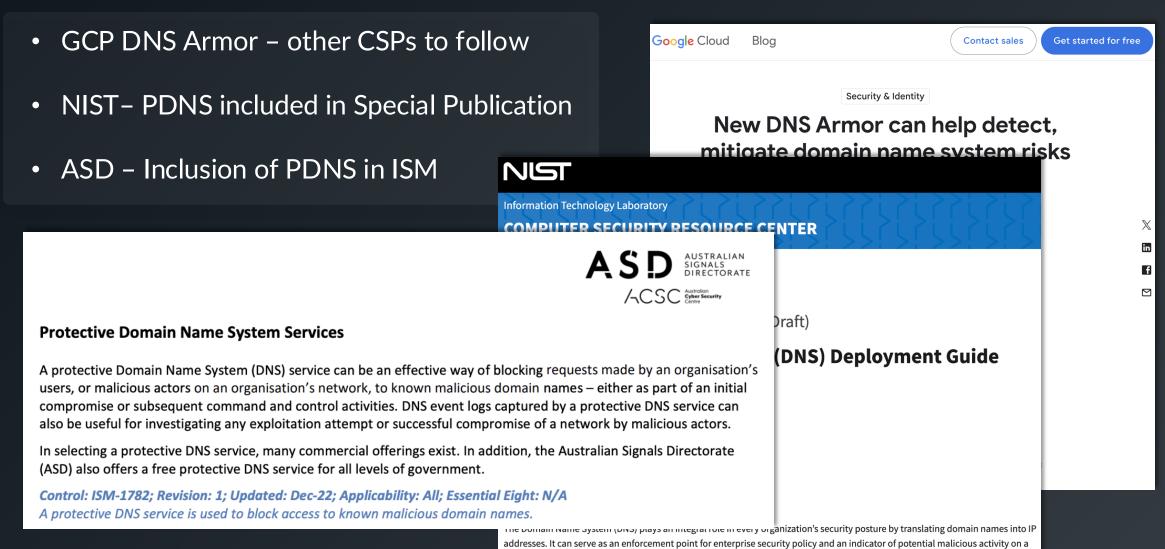


Operating Actor - Vane Viper

infoblox.

# PROTECTIVE DNS (PDNS) BECOMING IMPERATIVE

# INCREASED ADOPTION OF PDNS



network. A disruption or attack against the DNS can impact an entire organization

# LEARN, VALIDATE AND EVALUATE

STEPS TO BETTER UNDERSTAND HOW DNS IS BEING ABUSED IN YOUR NETWORK TODAY!

### **DNS SECURITY WORKSHOP**

Customer enablement initiative, 2-4 hours to educate on how DNS is used by threat actors and better understand the role of DNS in modern cyber threats

### **DNS SECURITY ASSESMENT**

Real Time customer DNS traffic analysis, to detect insights into potential malicious DNS activity like attacks, threats, content and brand reputation

#### DNS SECURITY AUDIT

Quick review by using simple DNS queries to assess a company's DNS security posture and identify potential gaps including data exfiltration and infiltration

# Thank you

